

Maryland State Health Improvement Process (SHIP)

Objective 36: Increase the proportion of persons with health insurance

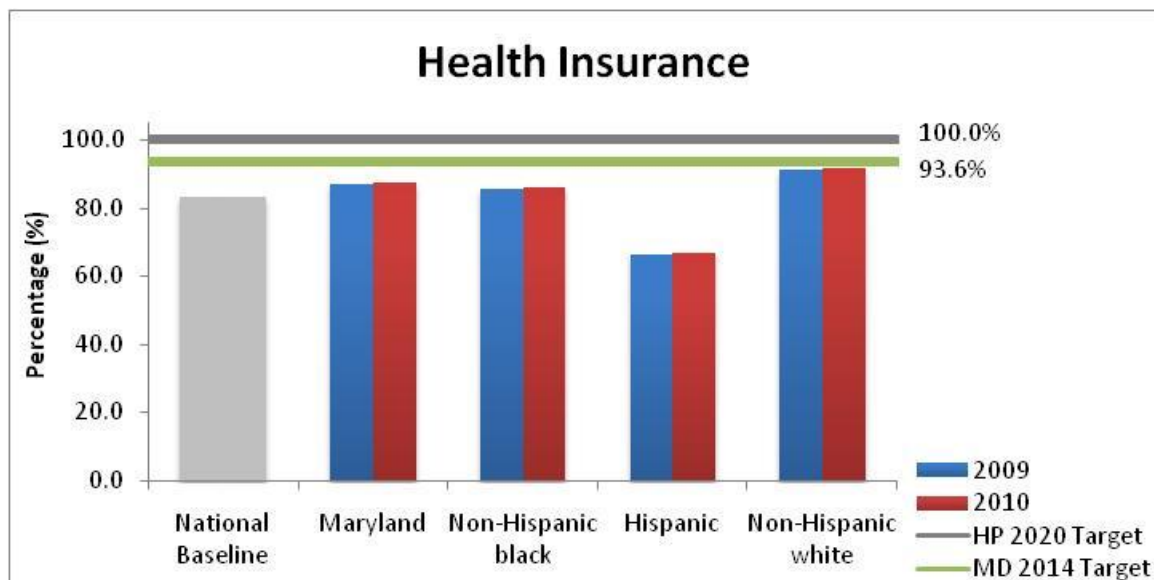
People without health insurance are more likely to be in poor health than the insured. Lack of health insurance can result in increased visits to the emergency department and decreased routine care visits with a primary care provider.



Update Summary: Moving toward the Maryland 2014 Target

Statistics and Goals

Measure: Percent of persons under age 65 years with health (medical) insurance



National Data Source: Healthy People 2020, CDC National Health Interview Survey (NHIS)

Maryland Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates Program

National Baseline	Maryland SHIP	Year	Total	NH Black	Hispanic	NH White	SHIP 2014 Target
83.2 (2008)	Baseline	2009	87.1	85.5	66.1	91.3	93.6
	Update	2010	87.3	86.0	66.5	91.8	



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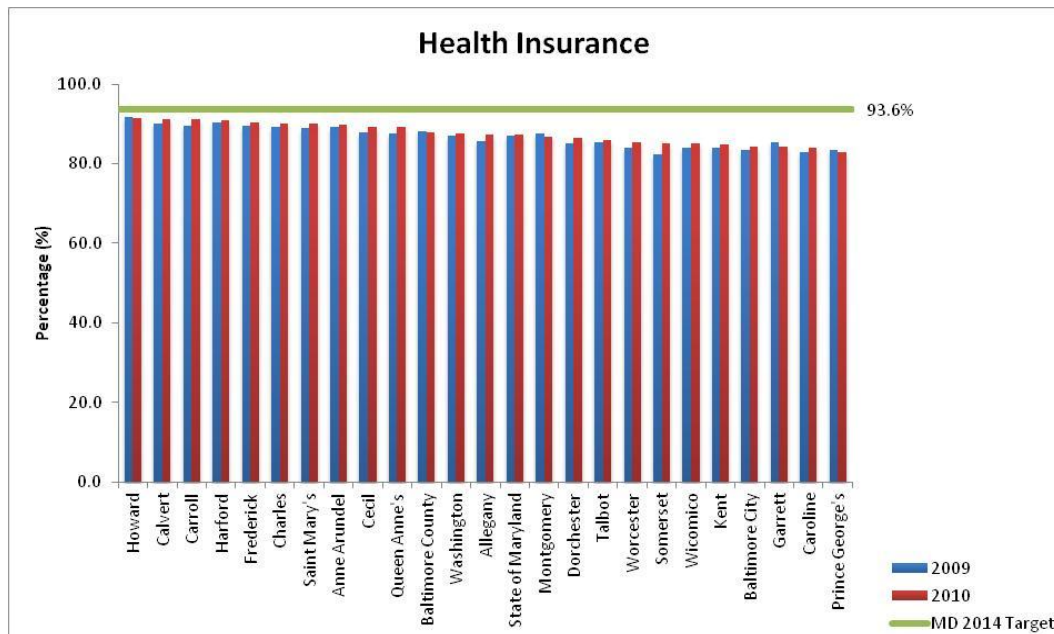
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Update Summary: Moving toward the Maryland 2014 Target

Local-Level Data

Measure: Percent of persons under age 65 years with health (medical) insurance



Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates Program

County	2009	2010
State of Maryland	87.1	87.3
Allegany	85.8	87.3
Anne Arundel	89.3	89.9
Baltimore City	83.6	84.3
Baltimore County	88.1	87.9
Calvert	90.0	91.3
Caroline	83.0	83.9
Carroll	89.6	91.3
Cecil	87.8	89.3
Charles	89.3	90.2
Dorchester	85.0	86.4
Frederick	89.6	90.5
Garrett	85.3	84.3

County	2009	2010
Harford	90.5	90.8
Howard	91.8	91.4
Kent	84.0	84.9
Montgomery	87.5	86.8
Prince George's	83.6	83.0
Queen Anne's	87.7	89.2
Saint Mary's	89.0	90.1
Somerset	82.4	85.0
Talbot	85.3	86.0
Washington	87.0	87.7
Wicomico	84.1	85.0
Worcester	84.1	85.4



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Data Details	
<u>National Data</u>	
Source	CDC National Health Interview Survey
Year	2008
<u>Maryland Data</u>	
Source	US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE) Program
Year	
Baseline	2009
Update	2010
Calculation	
Numerator	Number of persons aged 0-64 years who have any type of health insurances
Denominator	Number of persons (population)
Population source	US Census Bureau
Single year method	$(x/y)*100$
Combined year method	---
<u>Notes</u>	
Race/ethnicity	Race and Hispanic origin are reported using the following categories: non-Hispanic black, Hispanic, non-Hispanic white.
Censoring	---
Origin	Data downloaded from the US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE) webpage: http://www.census.gov/did/www/sahie/ in September 2012
Other	The Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE) program was created to develop model-based estimates of health insurance coverage for counties and states. This program builds on the work of the Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) program. Data on health insurance coverage for all counties are not currently available elsewhere. The SAHIE program models health insurance coverage by combining survey data with population estimates and administrative records. SAHIE estimates are based on data from the following sources: American Community Survey (ACS);demographic population estimates; aggregated federal tax returns; participation records for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly known as the Food Stamp program; County Business Patterns; Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

webpage: <http://dhmh.maryland.gov/ship/>



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participation records; and Census 2000.

See <http://www.census.gov/did/www/sahie/about/faq.html> for further details on the modeling procedure used for SAHIE.